BALOCHISTAN PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Quetta, the 6th December, 2005

No. PAB/ Legis: V(27) 2005 freedom of information Bill, 2005 No 4 of 2005, having been passed by the provincial Assembly Balochistan on 27th November, 2005 and assented to by the Governor of Balochistan, is hereby published as an Act of Province Assembly.

Freedom of Information Act 2005 (Balochistan Act No. VI of 2005)

(First Published after having received the assent of the Governor of Balochistan in the Balochistan Gazette (Extra-ordinary) dated 3rd December 2005)

AN ACT

to provide for transparency and freedom of information

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for transparency and freedom of information to ensure that the citizens of Balochistan have improved access to public record and for the purpose to make the Government more accountable to its citizens,

It is hereby enacted as follows:-

Short title, extend and commencement (1) This Act may be called the Freedom of Information Act, 2005

- (2) It extends to the whole of Balochistan
- (3) It shall come into force at once
- **2. Defination:** In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context:-
 - (a) "complainant" means
 - (i) a requester, or
 - (ii) a person acting for and on behalf of requester,
 - (b) "complainant" means any allegation a writing made by a complaint wrongfully
 - (i) where he is request, that access to record has been wrongfully denied to him by a public body.
 - (ii) where he is a request that access to and or correction of his personal information has been wrongfully denied to him by a public body having the custody or control of the record.
 - (iii) where he is a requester that the information requested by him has been unduly delayed by a public body.
 - (c) "designated official" means an official of a public body designated under section 10

- (d) "employee" in relation to a public body, means a person employed in a public body where permanently or temporary,
- (e) "Government" means the Government of Balochistan.
- (f) "Mohtasib" means the Ombudsman appointed under section 3 of Ordinance VI of 2001
- (g) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act
- (h) "public body: means
 - (i) Any ministry department or attached department of this Provincial Government
 - (ii) Secretariat of Provincial Assembly
 - (iii) any office of any Board, council or other body established by, or under a provincial law,
 - (iv) court and Tribunals
- (i) 'record' means record in any form whether printing or in writing and includes any map diagram photography, film, micro film which is used for official purpose by the public body which holds the record.

Provided that the prohibited maps, diagram, photography, film, micro film and secret or confidential record does not coine within the meaning of record.

- **3.** Access to information not to be denied:- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force and subject the than provisions of this Act requester shall no be denied access to any official record other than exemptions as provided in section 15.
- (2) This Act shall be interpreted so as-
 - (i) to advance the purpose of this Act, and
 - (ii) to facilitate and encourage, promptly and at the lowest reasonable cost the disclosure of information.
- **4. Maintenance and indexing of records:-** Subject to provisions of the Act and in accordance with the rules that any be prescribed are public body shall ensure that all record covered under clause (I) of section 2 of this act are properly maintained.
- **5. Publication and availability of records:-** The acts and subordinate legislation such as rules and regulations, notifications, by laws manual orders having the force of the law in Balochistan shall be duly published and made available at a reasonable price at an adequate number of outlets so that access thereof is easier, less time consuming and less expensive.
- **6. Computerization of records:** he public body endeavour within reasonable time and subject to availability of resource that all records covered by the provisions of the act are

computerized and connected through network all over the province on different systems so that authorized access to such record is facilitated.

- **7. Declaration of public record:-** Subject to be provisions of section 8, the following record all public bodies are hereby declared to the public record namely:-
 - (a) policies and guidelines:
 - (b) Transactions involving acquisition and disposal of property and expenditure undertaken by a public body in the performance of its duties:
 - (c) information regarding grant of licences, allotments and other benefits and privileges and contract and agreements mode by a public body:
 - (d) final orders and decisions, including decisions relating to members of public: and
 - (e) any other record which may be notified by the provincial Government as public record for the purposes of this Act.
- **8. Exclusion of certain record:-** Nothing contained in section 7 shall apply to the following of all public bodies namely-
 - (a) nothing on the file;
 - (b) minutes of meeting;
 - (c) any intermediary opinion or recommendations;
 - (d) record declared as classified by the federal and Provincial Government;
 - (e) record relating to the personal privacy of any individual;
 - (f) record of private documents furnished to a public body their on an express or implied condition that information contained in an express or implied condition that information contained in an such documents shall not be disclosed to a third person; and
 - (g) any other record which the Government may in public interest exclude from the purview of this act.
- **9**. **Duty of assist requester:-** A public body shall take necessary steps as may be prescribed to assist any requester under this Act.
- **10**. **Designation of official:-** (1) A public body shall designate and notify an officer employee to whom requests under this Act are to be made. These officials will be designated to ensure easy public access to information.
- (2) In case no such official has been designated or in the event of the absence or non-availability of the designated official the person incharge of the public body shall be the designated official.
- **11. Functions of designated** official subject to the provision of this Act and the rules made there-under and the instruction if any, of the Government . the designated official shall provide the information contained in any public record or as the case may be copy of any such record.

- **12. Applications for obtaining information etc:** (1) Subject to be sub-section (2) any citizen of Pakistan who interest has been effected may make an application to the designated official in the form as may be prescribed and shall with his application, furnish necessary particulars pay such fee and at such time as may be prescribed.
- (2) Nothing contained in sub-section (10 shall apply to such public record has been published in the official Gazette or in the form of a book offered for sale.
- **13. Procedure for disposal of applications:-** (1) Subject to subsection 12, on receiving an application under section 12, the designated official shall, within twenty one days of the receiving of request supply to the applicant the required information or, as the case may be, a copy of any public record.
- (2) in case the designated official is of the opinion that:-
 - (a) The application is not in the form as has been prescribed;
 - (b) The applicant has not furnished necessary particulars or has not paid such fee as has been prescribed;
 - (c) The applicant is not entitled to receive such information;
 - (d) The required information or, as the case may be , the required record does not constitute public record under section 7;
 - (e) The required information or, as the case may be, the required record which is excluded under section 8;

he shall record his decision in writing and the application shall be informed about such decision within twenty one days of the receipt of the application.

- (3) The information form or the copy of, any public record supplied to the applicant under sub-section (1), shall contain a certificate at the foot thereof that the information is correct or as the case may be, the copy of is true copy of such public record, and such certificate shall be dated and signed by the designated official.
- **14. Exempt information from disclosure:-** Subject to the provisions of is Bill, a public body shall not be required to disclose exempt information.
- **15. Disclosure harmful to law enforcement:-** Information may be exempt if its disclosure is likely to
 - (a) result in the commission of an offence
 - (b) harm the detection, prevention, investigation or inquiry in particular case;
 - (c) reveal the identity of a confidential source of information;
 - (d) Facilitate an escape from legal custody;
 - (e) Harm the security of any property or system, including a building a vehicle, a computer system or a communications system.

- **16. Privacy and personal information:-** Information is exempt if its disclosure under this Act would involve the invasion of the privacy of an identifiable individual including a deceased individual) other than the requester.
- **17. Economic and commercial affairs:** Information is exempt if and so long as its disclosure.
 - (a) would be likely to cause grave and significant damage to the economy as a result of the premature disclosure of the proposed introduction, abolition of variation of any tax, duty, interest rate, exchange rate or any instrument of economic management:-
 - (b) would be likely to cause significant damage to the financial interests of the public body by giving an unreasonable advantage to any person in relation to a contact which that person is seeking to enter into which the public body for the acquisition or disposal of property or the supply of goods or services, or
 - (c) by revealing information to a compaction of the body would be likely to cause significant damage to the lawful commercial activities of the public body.
- **18. Recourse to the Mohtasib:** (1) it the applicant is not provided the information or copy of the record declared public record under section 7 within the prescribed time or the designated official refuses to give such information or, as the case may be, copy of such record, on the ground that the applicant is not entitled to receive such information or copy of such record, the applicant may, within thirty days of the last date of the prescribed time for giving such information or, as the case may be, of such record, or the communication of the order of the designated official declining to give such information or copy of such record, file a complaint with the head of the public body and on failing to get the requested information from him within the prescribed time may file a complaint with the Mohtasib.
- (2) That Mohtasib may after hearing the applicant and the designated official direct the designated official to give the information or, as the case may be, the copy of record or may reject the complaint.
- **19. Dismissal of frivolous, vexations and malicious complaint**:- where a complaint instituted is found to be malicious, frivolous or vexatious, the complaint may be dismissed by the Mohtasib, and fine may be imposed on the complainant up to an amount exceeding ten thousand rupees.
- **20. Offence:** Any person who destroys a record which at the time it was destroyed was the subject of a request, or of a complaint with the intention of preventing is disclosure under this Act, commits an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or with fine, or with both.
- **21. Indemnity:-** No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against any person for anything which is done in good faith or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rules made there under.

- **22. Act not to derogate order laws:-** The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to and in derogation of, anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.
- **23. Power to remove difficulties:-** if any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, be order in the official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as appear to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty.
- **24. Power to make rules:-** (1)The Government may, by notification in the official Gazette make rules for currying out the purpose of this Act
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such rules may provide for:-
 - (a) the fee payable for obtaining information from, and copies of the public record;
 - (b) the form of application for obtaining information from, and copies of the public record; and
 - (c) the form in which information from public record shall be furnished.

MIR MUHAMMAD ANWAR LEHRI SECRETARY